

Would you and your staff know what to do to help administer first aid during a terrorist attack?



IT'S PROBABLY NOTHING, BUT... **ANTI-TERRORIST HOTLINE** **0800 789 321**
YOUR CALL COULD SAVE LIVES

See Protect UK's 'First Aid during a terrorist attack' presentation, [which is downloadable from Protect UK here](#), and watch the awareness video on administering first aid during a terrorist attack.

You can also access the short video via this link [Counter terrorism first aid awareness | ProtectUK](#)

To help you consider your own organisations first aid preparedness in respect to counter terrorism please

visit [First aid preparedness for organisations | ProtectUK](#)

We advise the public to remain vigilant and to report any suspicious behaviour or activity to police, in confidence at www.gov.uk/ACT or via 101, in an emergency the public should always call 999.



REPORT TERRORIST AND EXTREMIST ONLINE CONTENT.
ANONYMOUSLY.
gov.uk/ACT

COUNTER TERRORISM POLICING

ACT | **ACTION COUNTERS TERRORISM**

Anyone can be at risk of being radicalised regardless of their age, but teenagers and young people can sometimes be considered at a greater risk. This is because they may be in a transitional period of their life, such as going to college or university. Or they might be struggling with a sense of identity or belonging.

Hateful Extremists seek to capitalise on feelings of insecurity and convince the person they can help by providing a solution. Hate extremists will distort the narrative to suit their end goal of radicalisation of a susceptible person.

Please watch this [short video](#) from Safer Devon which demonstrates an example of the risk of online radicalisation.

Therefore, having an awareness of some of the signs which may indicate an individual maybe at risk of online radicalisation is important, these indicative signs may include:

- They are becoming increasingly intolerant of other people's views
- They are being secretive of who they are talking to online
- They are sharing extremist posts on social media
- They are reading, watching or sharing hateful or extreme content and links
- They appear to be expressing someone else's views

Counter Terrorism Policing Act Early website has suggested tips and advice for parents/carers in respect to supporting young people in respect to this concern:

- Be vigilant and find out who they are connecting with online and on gaming platforms
- Ask them who they are talking to online, how they met them and what information or posts they are sharing.
- Remind them that it could be anyone behind the screen and not the person whom they think
- Let them know if they are approached or feel worried about someone who is connecting with them online, they can talk to you about it
- Discuss and challenge fake news and information on social media to help them become more critical and less accepting about what they see on social media
- Talk about the effect of expressing extreme views can have on themselves, their family and others and the consequences if they go too far down this route
- Keep up to date with technology and understand how to use parental control settings.

For further information please visit [Staying safe online | ACT Early](#)

If you see online graphic or violent extremist material or content that supports, directs or glorifies terrorism please report it via this link [Report online material promoting terrorism or extremism - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

If you have concerns and believe a young person or adult is at risk of radicalisation please contact your local authority safeguarding team, for Middlesbrough please telephone (01642) 726004 or alternatively please contact Cleveland police on 101. In an emergency please contact 999.

Staff working in the public environment may be the first responders to an incident where someone has been exposed to a hazardous substance. The REMOVE. REMOVE. REMOVE. advice is closely aligned to guidance for the emergency services and provides simple, consistent advice on early actions following:

- suspected deliberate or accidental exposure to a hazardous substance (vapour, powder or liquid)
- an 'acid attack'

The REMOVE. REMOVE. REMOVE. advice can be implemented without specialist protective equipment and is relevant for any potential hazardous substance incident.

Please visit the | [ProtectUK](#) platform and view the short presentation on REMOVE.REMOVE.REMOVE to refresh your knowledge and consider sharing with your staff where appropriate.

[REMOVE. REMOVE. REMOVE: Guidance on hazardous substance exposure | ProtectUK](#)

If you have been exposed to a HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE

		
REMOVE YOURSELF...	REMOVE OUTER CLOTHING...	REMOVE THE SUBSTANCE...
...from the hazard to avoid further exposure. If the skin is itchy or painful, find a water source. IN AN EMERGENCY ☎ 999	...if affected by the substance. Try to avoid pulling clothing over the head if possible. Do not smoke, eat or drink. Do not pull off clothing stuck to skin.	...from skin if affected. RINSE continually with water if the skin is itchy or painful. If the substance is not painful or itchy, use a dry, absorbent material to either soak it up or brush it off.



RUN - to a place of safety. This is a better option than to surrender or negotiate. If there's nowhere to go, then...

HIDE - Turn your phone to silent and turn off vibrate. Barricade yourself in if you can.

TELL - the police by calling 999 when it is safe to do so.

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While the chances of being caught up in a terrorist incident remain rare, it is important to be prepared and know how to protect yourself if the need arises.

Counter Terrorism Policing advises three key steps for keeping safe in the event of a firearms or weapons attack.

If you are caught up in an incident our advice is to 'Run, Hide and Tell' – guidance which can be applied to many places and situations. We know from case studies and testimony of people who have survived attacks that this advice can save lives.

[Please watch this short video on Run Hide & Tell.](#)

Find out more on the Counter Terrorism Policing website about how to stay safe and [how both the public and industry can help report suspicious activity.](#)

Free E-Learning

Below are some useful links to help you increase you increase you and your staff's awareness:



[E-Learning from ProtectUK](#)



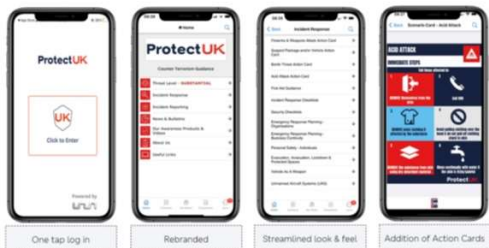
[E-Learning from Scan](#)



[Prevent Awareness](#)

[Prevent Referrals](#)

[Channel P/MAP](#)



Protect UK App

[Apple app](#)

[Google app](#)



iREPORTit App

[Apple app](#)

[Google app](#)